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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/564,254	03/06/2006	Marc Verleyen	1803-2 PCT/US	8006
23869 7590 102722010 HOFFMANN & BARON, LLP 6900 JERICHO TURNPIKE			EXAMINER	
			MILLER, DANIEL H	
SYOSSET, NY 11791			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1783	
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			10/27/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/564,254 VERLEYEN, MARC Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit DANIEL MILLER 1783 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 8/31/2010. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-40 and 42-47, 50-66 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 55-60 and 63-66 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 1-21,67,69 and 70 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 22-40.42-47.50-54.61 and 62 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 68 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Draftsherson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) Other:

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#### DETAILED ACTION

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/31/2010 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 22-40, 42-46, 47, 50-54, and 61-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wessels (US 3,940,522).
- 3. Wessels teaches an artificial turf filament where in the filament has a shape comprising a "central area" and "two wing area" on opposing sides of a central area and integral with said central area (see figure 2). The central area is considered to form a protruding bulb as claimed (see figure 2). The face is considered to have a face that is flush and merges into said adiacent faces of the wing area (see figures).

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 The filament is considered to be fortified with reinforcement fibers (9 and 11 of figure 3).

- 5. Wessels may be silent as to the presence of diverging orientation.
- 6. However Wessels teaches the random orientation of the fibers can be introduced into the fibers by varying spinning process that creates the fiber in order to simulate the randomness of natural grass fibers (see column 4 lines 35-45). Further Wessels, teaches wherein the fibers may have "biarcuate" or "gullwing" in cross sections wherein the thickness of the fiber decreases at the ends of the web fiber (column 3 lines 35-50).
- 7. To the extent to which there is a difference from the "biarcuate" or "gullwing", which it is not clear there is, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide divergent orientation fibers given the taught structures of Wessels and in order to simulate the random (non-uniform) features of natural grass.
- Wessels teaches that any polymer material can be used to spin the fiber, and gives several exemplary materials.
- 9. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide polyethelene fibers as claimed because they are a substantially similar material to that of nylon and polyamide taught by the reference and would be expected to function similarly and because it is a material known to be employed as a fiber material in the art at the time of the invention. No patentable distinction is seen.
- 10. Regarding claim 25 and 28-29, 34 and 36, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a variety of orientations,

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including those claimed by applicant, in order to more closely resemble real grass and the random orientation of natural grass.

- 11. Regarding claim 40, while the artificial turf filaments do not teach incorporating an organic material it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide in order to allow the artificial grass fiber of Wessels to more closely resemble a real grass fiber which is organic. No patentable distinction is seen.
- 12. Regarding claim 24, wherein the fiber is folded to form the central area the central area is considered to have a central area up to 100% thicker than the winged area or would otherwise be obvious to provide to allow for adhesion to the substrate or turf, wherein the fibers may have "biarcuate" or "gullwing" in cross sections wherein the thickness of the fiber decreases at the ends of the web fiber (column 3 lines 35-50).
- Regarding claims 26-27, dependent upon whether the fiber is crimped or straight the center line may have a straight or curved orientation.
- 14. Regarding claims 30-31, the angle desired for forming the cross sections of the wings of the fiber are preferred to be 160 degrees or less, overlapping applicant's claimed range and rendering the claimed range obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.
- Regarding claim 32, The thickness of the fiber is considered to taper at the ends
  of the wing section (column 3 lines 40-50).
- Regarding claims 33, The free end of the wing tip has a rounded end (see column 2 lines 35-47).

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 The face of the wing section of the fiber can comprise a semicircular rib (see column 2 lines 37-50).

- Regarding claims 37 and 38, the fiber can be a synthetic polymer including polyamide (see examples) or nylon (see column 4 lines 35-39).
- Regarding claim 39, the reinforcement fibers can include polyamide fibers embedded with main polyamide fibers meeting the limitations of claim 39 (see examples).
- 20. The fibers can be bound by the middle section into a carpet (or substrate or turf) in bundles as claimed by applicant (see figures) and those bundles can be supported by wrapped supportive fibers (see figure 3 and 4 specifically and examples).
- The wrapping filaments are considered to be bundled in a helical path (see figure
   3).
- 22. The wrapping filaments are considered bonded to the main filaments in bundles (see figure 3) and function to release from the main filament upon normal use or brushing and have a thickness less than that of the main filaments (compare figures 3 and 4). The substrate can include a backing would act to ancore the fibers (see examples).
- 23. Wherein applicant has claimed a material or property being "preferably" soil as in claim 44 or "preferably" "in opposite directions" as in claim 47 those limitations are considered optional and not required by the claim language. No patentable distinction is seen.

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24. The twisted fibers may be heat set to give the fiber a permanent spiral (bonding the fibers in a manner considered releasable) create the bundle of fibers of figure 3 (see

column 6 lines 60-68).

## Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments filed 8/31/2010 have been fully considered but they are not fully persuasive.
- 26. Applicant has successfully argued that there is an unobvious differentiation between independent claim 1 and its dependents and the art of record. Therefore claim 1-21 and 67, 69-70 are allowed. Claim 68 is objected to for the same reasons. However, applicant's reasoning and arguments are not otherwise commensurate in scope with the claimed structure of the other claims.
- Rejections maintained.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL MILLER whose telephone number is (571)272-1534. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Sample can be reached on (571)272-1376. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/David R. Sample/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1783

/Daniel Miller/ Examiner, Art Unit 1794